

Analyst and Investor Briefing on Third Quarter of FY2022.3

(Fiscal year ending March 31, 2022)









February 8, 2022

Yamaha Corporation



FY2022.3 3Q Highlights

Overview

Performance in the first three quarters of FY2022.3 (nine months)

- Revenue and profit both increased year-on-year as markets continued to recover from the impact of the spread of COVID-19 infections.
- Supply shortages continued due to semiconductor procurement difficulties and logistics disruptions.
- Although logistics and procurement costs rose, core operating profit increased due to the effects of higher revenue.

Outlook

FY2022.3 full year outlook

- Although supply shortages will continue, demand remains strong, and revenue and profit are both projected to rise.
- Taking the impact of exchange rates into account, previous projections have been revised upward by ¥5 billion for revenue and ¥1 billion for core operating profit.



1. Performance Summary



FY2022.3 3Q (Nine Months) Summary

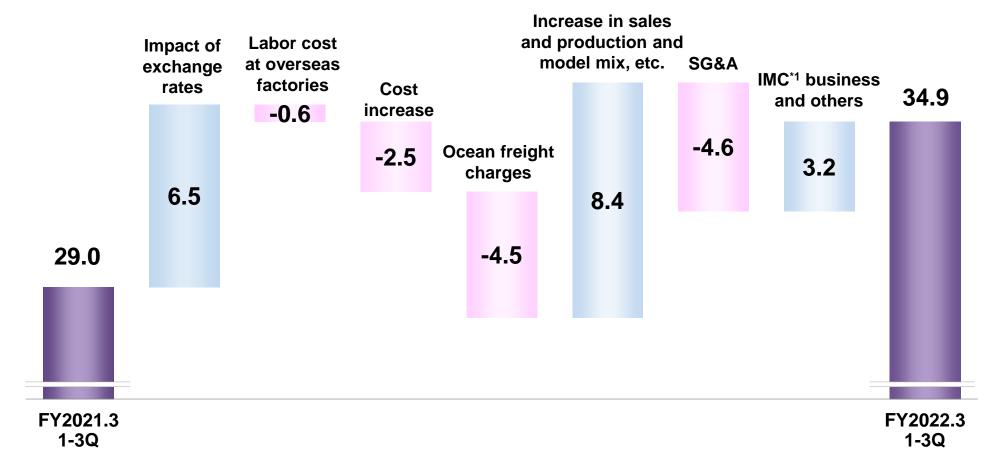
					(billions o	
		FY2021.3 1-3Q	FY2022.3 1-3Q	Cha	ange	
Revenue		272.3	302.3	+30.0	+11.0%	
•	Core Operating Profit (Core Operating Profit Ratio)		34.9 (11.5%)	+5.8	+20.1%	
Net Profit*1		17.6	30.0	+12.4	+70.3%	
Exchange Rate (yen)				*2	+5.4% (Excluding the impact	
Revenue	US\$	106	111		exchange rate)	
(Average rate during the period)	EUR	122	131			
Profit	US\$	106	111			
(Settlement rate)	EUR	120	131			

^{*1} Net profit is presented as net profit attributable to owners of parent on the consolidated financial statements.



Core Operating Profit Analysis

Versus previous year





Performance by Business Segment

					(billions of yen)
		FY2021.3 1-3Q	FY2022.3 1-3Q	Change	Exchange rate impact
	Revenue	175.9	204.7	+28.8	11.6
Musical Instruments	Core Operating Profit	23.0	29.1	+6.1	5.5
	Core Operating Profit Ratio	13.1%	14.2%	1.1p	
	Revenue	74.8	70.7	-4.1	3.3
Audio Equipment	Core Operating Profit	5.1	1.6	-3.5	0.9
	Core Operating Profit Ratio	6.8%	2.2%	-4.5p	
	Revenue	21.6	26.9	5.3	0.5
IMC*1 Business and Others	Core Operating Profit	1.0	4.2	3.2	0.1
	Core Operating Profit Ratio	4.4%	15.5%	11.1p	



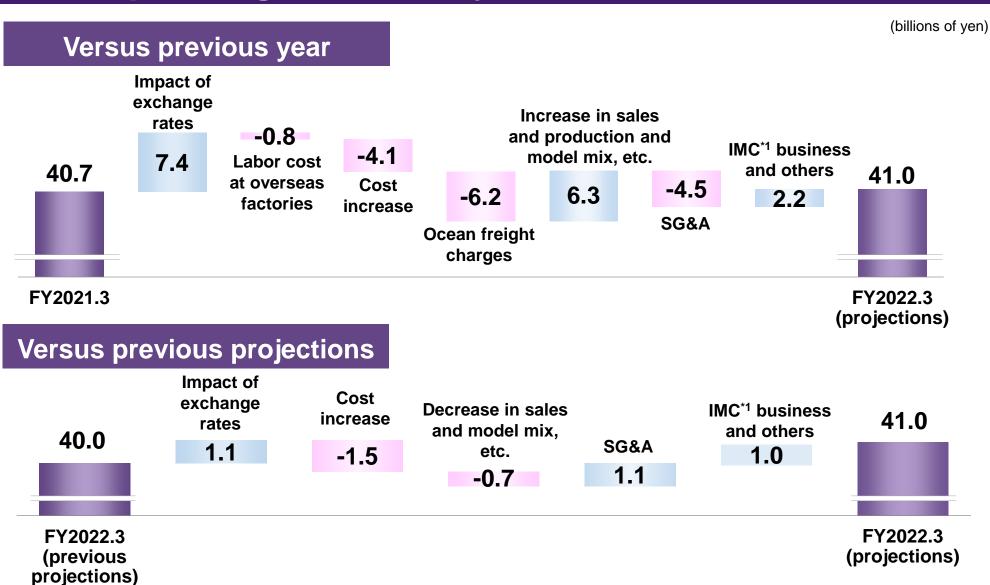
FY2022.3 Outlook

			_		_	(billions of ye
		FY2021.3 Full year	FY2022.3 Full year (previous projections)	FY2022.3 Full year (projections)	Change	Change from the previous projections
Revenue		372.6	390.0	395.0	+22.4*2	+5.0
Core Operating (Core Operating Pro		40.7 (10.9%)	40.0 (10.3%)	41.0 (10.4%)	+0.3	+1.0
Net Profit	Net Profit ^{*1}		34.5	35.0	+8.4	+0.5
Exchange Rate (yen)					*2+1.3% (Excludi exchang	ng the impact of
Revenue	US\$	106	107	111	exchang	je rate)
(Average rate during the period)	EUR	124	129	130		
Profit	US\$	106	107	111		
(Settlement rate)	EUR	121	129	130	* 4Q currency e US\$=110JPY, E	•

^{*1} Net profit is presented as net profit attributable to owners of parent on the consolidated financial statements.



Core Operating Profit Analysis



^{*1} Industrial Machinery and Components



Outlook by Business Segment

					(billions of yen)
		FY2021.3 Full year	FY2022.3 Full year (projections)	Change	Exchange rate impact
	Revenue	239.0	270.0	+31.0	13.3
Musical Instruments	Core Operating Profit	32.4	37.5	+5.1	6.3
	Core Operating Profit Ratio	13.6%	13.9%	+0.3p	
	Revenue	103.8	90.0	-13.8	3.7
Audio Equipment	Core Operating Profit	7.1	0.0	-7.1	1.0
	Core Operating Profit Ratio	6.8%	0.0%	-6.8p	
IMC*1	Revenue	29.8	35.0	+5.2	0.7
Business	Core Operating Profit	1.2	3.5	+2.3	0.1
and Others	Core Operating Profit Ratio	4.1%	10.0%	+ 5.9p	

^{*1} Industrial Machinery and Components



Outlook by Business Segment

					(billions of yen)
		FY2022.3 Full year (previous projections)	FY2022.3 Full year (projections)	Change	Exchange rate impact
	Revenue	265.0	270.0	+5.0	4.9
Musical Instruments	Core Operating Profit	36.5	37.5	+1.0	1.3
	Core Operating Profit Ratio	13.8%	13.9%	+0.1p	
	Revenue	90.0	90.0	0	1.2
Audio Equipment	Core Operating Profit	1.0	0	-1.0	-0.2
1	Core Operating Profit Ratio	1.1%	0.0%	-1.1p	
IMC ^{*1}	Revenue	35.0	35.0	0	0.5
Business and Others	Core Operating Profit	2.5	3.5	+1.0	0.1
	Core Operating Profit Ratio	7.1%	10.0%	+2.9p	

^{*1} Industrial Machinery and Components

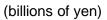


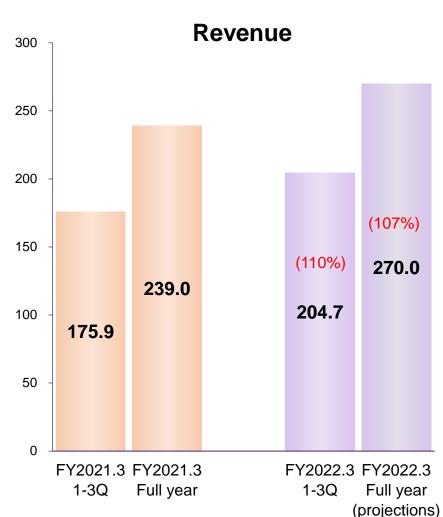
2. Segment Overview & Updates



(billions of yen)

Segment Revenue and Core Operating Profit





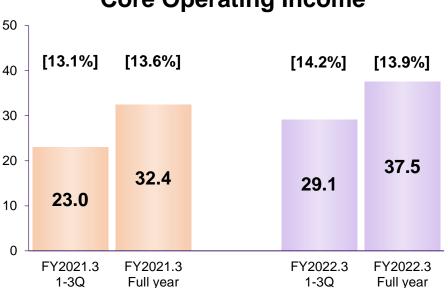
Nine months: Revenue increased in all product categories

- Amid ongoing supply shortages, sales of pianos and wind, string, and percussion instruments grew by double digits, and brisk demand also continued to drive increased sales of digital musical instruments and guitars.
- Sales increased in all markets as market conditions recovered.

Full year projection: Despite supply shortages, revenue is expected to increase due to recovery in market conditions

- Sales of digital musical instruments are expected to decrease due to supply constraints caused by difficulties procuring semiconductors including sound LSIs, but recovery in market conditions is projected to drive higher sales of piano, wind, string and percussion instruments, and guitars.
- Recovery is expected in all regions.

Core Operating Income

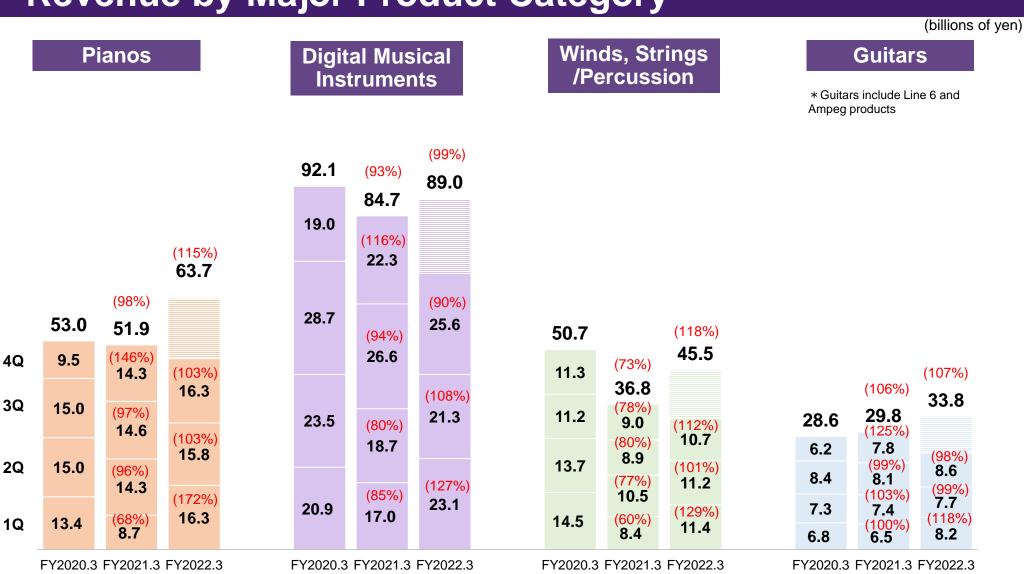


Figures in [] indicate core operating profit ratio

(projections)



Revenue by Major Product Category



(projections)

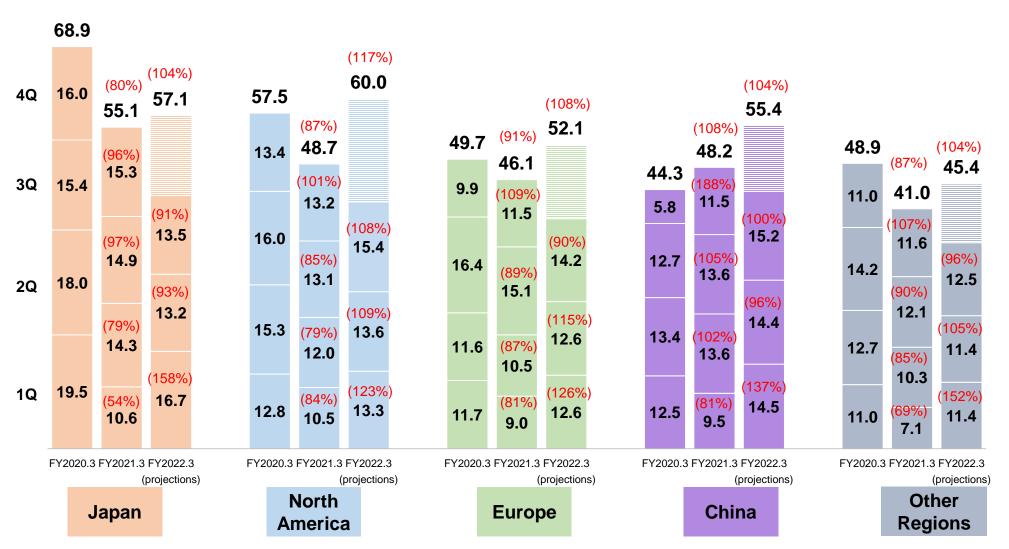
(projections)

(projections)

(projections)



Revenue by Region

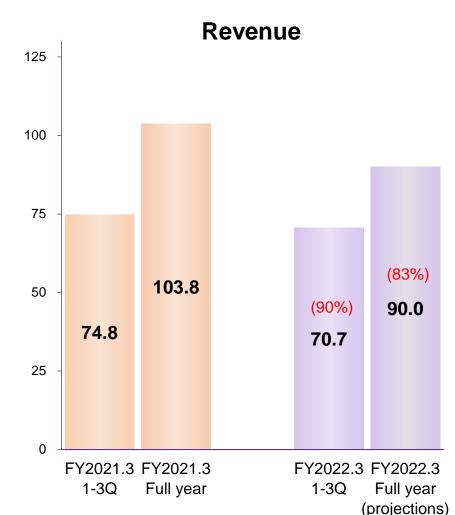


^{*} Software products and music schools included Red figures show actual YoY changes discounting impact of exchange rates



Segment Revenue and Core Operating Profit

(billions of yen)



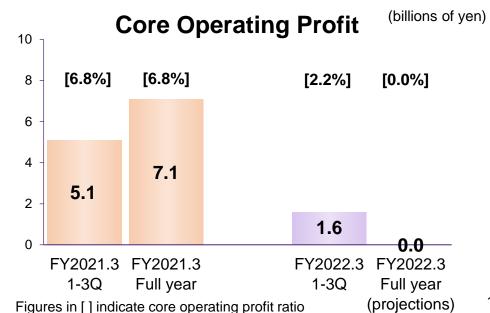
Nine months: Revenue declined for AV and ICT, but increased for PA

- AV: Revenue declined due to supply shortages stemming from difficulties procuring semiconductors.
- PA: Revenue increased as the live performance market rebounded.
- ICT: Despite ongoing demand for network devices, revenue decreased due to supply shortages.

Full year projection: <u>Although market conditions are expected to recover, revenue is projected to decline due to the large impact of semiconductor procurement difficulties</u>

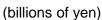
- AV: Revenue is projected to decrease due to supply shortages stemming from semiconductor procurement difficulties.
- PA: Although the live performance market is rebounding, the emergence of semiconductor procurement difficulties is expected to reduce revenue.
- ICT: Special orders of UC* products have subsided, and although demand for network devices is strong, revenue is projected to decline due to supply shortages.

 *UC products: conference systems





Revenue by Major Product Category

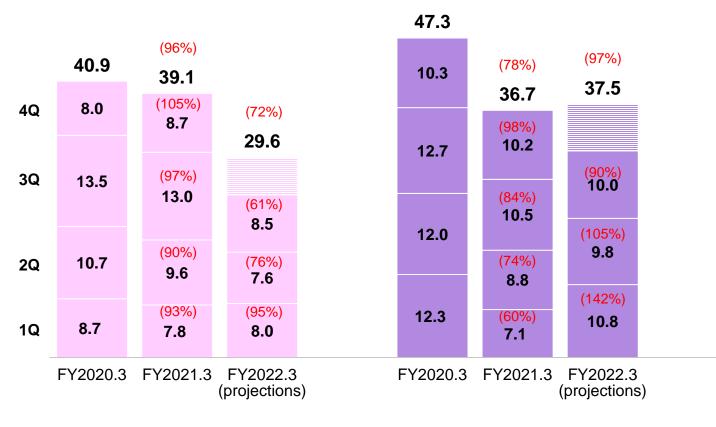


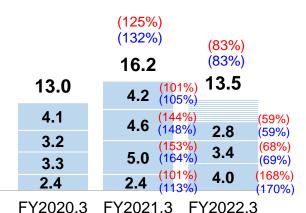
AV Products

PA Equipment

PA Equipment includes only sales of products for PA Equipment (excluding engineering and installation services)

ICT Equipment



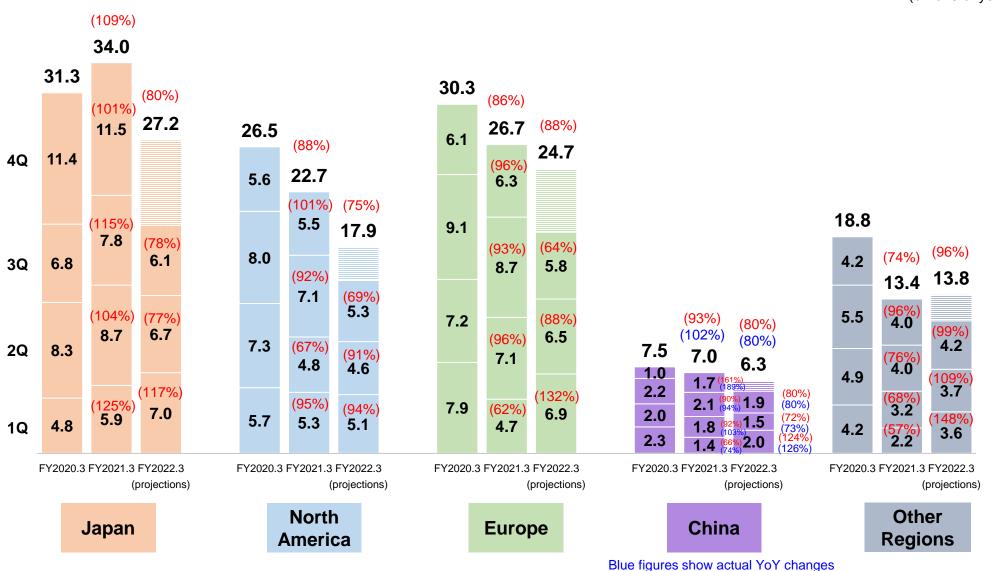


(projections)

Blue figures show actual YoY changes excluding the sales of OEM products

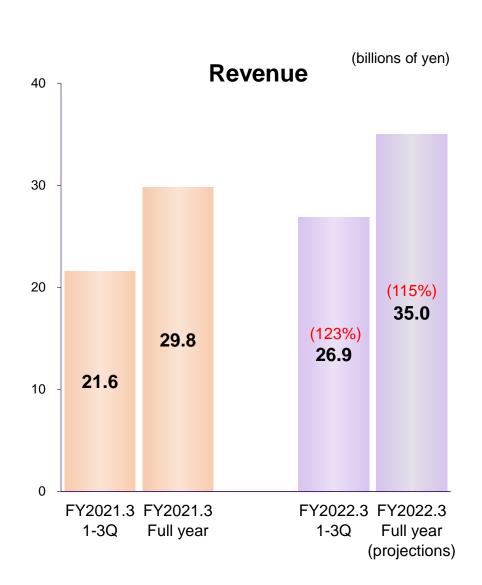


Revenue by Region





Segment Revenue and Core Operating Profit



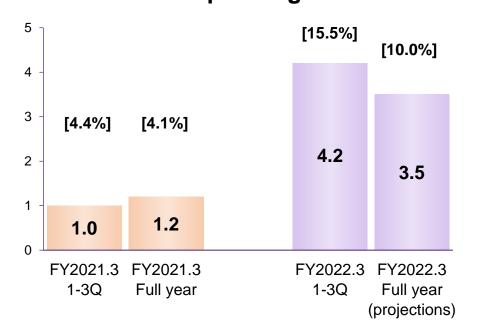
Nine months:

 Recovery in market conditions drove increased sales of electronic devices and automobile interior wood components, but sales of factory automation equipment declined.

Full year projection:

- Although semiconductor procurement difficulties and reduced production by corporate customers will have an impact, revenue is projected to rise due to recovery in market conditions.
- Progress in improving the model mix and reducing fixed costs is expected to increase profits year-on-year.

Core Operating Profit (billions of yen)





3. Other Financial Figures



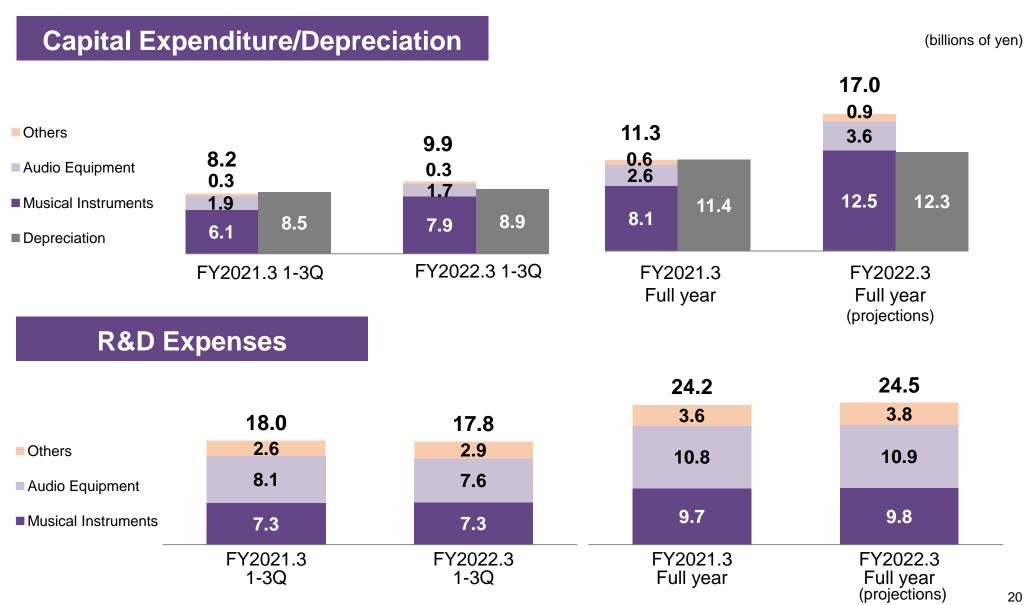
Balance Sheet Summary

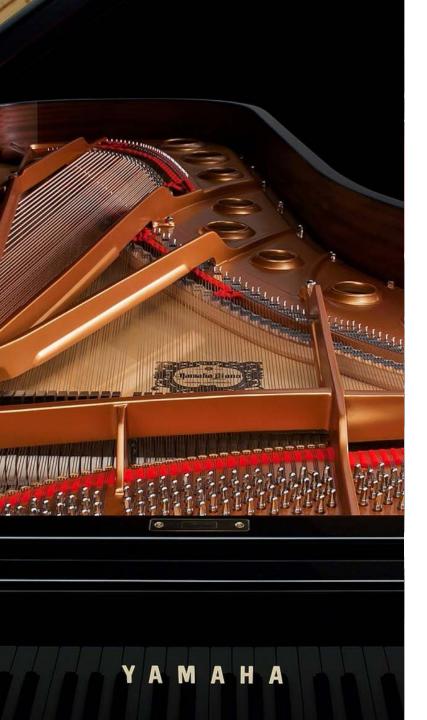
	As of March 31, 2021	As of Dec. 31, 2021	Change	As of March 31, 2022 (projections)
Cash and cash equivalents	129.3	171.5	42.2	178.0
Trade and other receivables	57.3	54.4	-2.9	53.0
Other financial assets	8.6	4.7	-3.9	5.0
Inventories	96.8	111.8	15.0	109.0
Other current assets	9.1	6.1	-2.9	6.0
Non-current assets	256.5	213.8	-42.7	217.0
Total Assets	557.6	562.4	4.8	568.0
Current liabilities	100.9	116.8	16.0	117.0
Non-current liabilities	59.8	48.9	-10.9	49.0
Total equity	396.9	396.7	-0.2	402.0
Total liabilities and equity	557.6	562.4	4.8	568.0





Capital Expenditure/Depreciation, R&D Expense





4. ESG



ESG

Contribute to sustainable development of music culture and society

Contribute to sustainability of music culture

Introducing Japanese instrumental music education to Egypt







We support the Sustainable Development Goals

https://www.yamaha.com/en/news_release/2021/21 121502/

Yamaha Music School established in Riyadh



The first officially authorized music education facility in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

https://www.yamaha.com/en/news_release/2021/21 121501/

Society Enhance diversity and fulfillment of the people we work with

Awarded the highest ranking of Gold in the PRIDE INDEX 2021 for three consecutive years

work with Pride



https://www.yamaha.com/en/csr/human_rights_and_labor_practices/diversity/

Yamaha Corporation Headquarters construction of new office building





https://www.yamaha.com/ja/news_release/2021/211 21501/ (in Japanese) Coexist with the natural environment

Yamaha Group recognized with prestigious "A" score for climate change by CDP



CLIMATE

First to be selected as an A-list company for climate change in 2021

https://www.yamaha.com/en/news_release/2021/211 20801/

* CDP is a global non-profit organization that runs the world's environmental information disclosure system for companies, cities, states and regions



Appendix



Performance in 3Q FY2022.3 (Three Months)

					ioniid)	
		FY2021.3 3Q	FY2022.3 3Q	Cha	Change	
Revenue		107.5	103.8	-3.7	-3.4%	
Core Operating Profit (Core Operating Profit Ratio)		16.0 (14.9%)	11.4 (10.9%)	-4.6	-29.0%	
Net Profit*1		10.5	8.6	-2.0	-18.7%	
Exchange Rate (yen)					*2-9.0%	ı
Revenue	US\$	105	114		(Excluding the in of exchange rat	-
(Average rate during the period)	EUR	125	130			
Profit (Settlement rate)	US\$	105	113			
	EUR	121	133			

^{*1} Net profit is presented as net profit attributable to owners of parent on the consolidated financial statements.



Performance by Business Segment in 3Q FY2022.3 (Three Months)

		FY2021.3 3Q	FY2022.3 3Q	Change	Exchange rate impact
	Revenue	68.7	70.9	2.2	4.5
Musical Instruments	Core Operating Profit	11.3	9.8	-1.4	2.2
	Core Operating Profit Ratio	16.4%	13.9%	-2.5p	
	Revenue	29.6	23.3	-6.3	1.2
Audio Equipment	Core Operating Profit	3.5	-0.0	-3.5	0.1
• •	Core Operating Profit Ratio	11.8%	-0.1%	-11.9p	
IMC*1	Revenue	9.2	9.7	0.5	0.3
Business and	Core Operating Profit	1.2	1.6	0.3	0.1
Others	Core Operating Profit Ratio	13.5%	16.2%	2.7p	

^{*1} Industrial Machinery and Components



3Q Other Income and Expenses (Nine Months)

		FY2021.3 1-3Q	FY2022.3 1-3Q
Core Operating P	Profit	29.0	34.9
Other Income	Profit from (loss on) disposal of fixed assets	-0.1	4.6
and Expenses	Others	-2.3	1.1
	Total	-2.3	5.8
Operating Profit		26.7	40.6
Financial	Dividends income	0.6	2.4
Income and	Others	-1.5	-1.2
Expenses	Total	-0.9	1.2
Profit before Income Taxes		25.8	41.9
Income taxes		8.1	11.8
Net profit attributable	Net profit attributable to non-controlling interests		0
Net Profit *1		17.6	30.0

^{*1} Net profit is presented as profit attributable to owners of the parent on the consolidated financial statements.



Full Year Other Income and Expenses

		FY2021.3 Full year	FY2022.3 Full year (projections)
Core Operating P	rofit	40.7	41.0
Other Income	Profit from (loss on) disposal of fixed assets	-0.1	4.6
and Expenses	Others	-5.6	0.9
	Total	-5.7	5.5
Operating Profit		35.0	46.5
Financial	Dividends income	2.7	3.2
Income and	Others	-0.6	-1.7
Expenses	Total	2.1	1.5
Profit before Inco	ome Taxes	37.1	48.0
Income taxes		10.4	12.8
Net profit attributable to non-controlling interests		0.1	0.2
Net Profit *1		26.6	35.0

^{*1} Net profit is presented as profit attributable to owners of the parent on the consolidated financial statements.

In this report, the figures forecast for the Company's future performance have been calculated on the basis of information currently available to Yamaha and the Yamaha Group. Forecasts are, therefore, subject to risks and uncertainties.

Accordingly, actual performance may differ greatly from our projections depending on changes in the economic conditions surrounding our business, demand trends, and the value of key currencies, such as the U.S. dollar and the euro.